

10.1. Was passt zusammen und ergibt ein Sprichwort oder eine Redensart? Verbinde mit Linien.

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| The apple never falls |
| Money makes |
| Never look a gift horse |
| No rose without |
| Opportunity |
| Old love |
| One hand washes |
| Speech is silver |
| The early bird |
| Opposites |

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|------------------------|
| in the mouth. |
| thorns. |
| far from the tree |
| the world go round. |
| never dies. |
| makes a thief. |
| the other. |
| catches the worm. |
| attract. |
| but silence is golden. |

10.2. Von den zwei kursiv geschriebenen Ausdrücken ist jeweils einer unpassend oder falsch. Streiche ihn durch.

A man *walks / flies* into a grocery store and *weeps / says*: „I want to buy every *rotten / fried* egg you *are / have*.“

„Who wants rotten eggs?“ says the *hen / shopkeeper*. „*No one / everybody* wants rotten eggs, unless you're *missing / going to see* that lousy comedian *at the club on the corner / in the cookery book*.“

The man *jumps / replies*: „I know. I am the lousy comedian at the club on the corner.“

grocery: Lebensmittelladen
rotten: faul
unless: ausser



10.3. Setze „much“ (viel) oder „many“ (viele) ein:

There are*many*..... silly mistakes in your test.

Don't make so noise, please.

This is a lousy work. You didn't take trouble.

There are trains between London and the suburbs (Vorstädte). There are buses, too. people go to work between 8 and 9, and there's never room. After 9 there aren't so people.

He sells of his books and makes money.

Merke: „people“ ist Mehrzahl, hat aber kein -s
 (peoples bedeutet : die Völkerstämme: The peoples of Africa.)