

2.1. Übersetzen von SEIT: „since“ oder „for“?

seit Ostern – *since Easter* seit gestern

seit einer Stunde - *for an hour* seit 2 Uhr

seit 1999 seit ich jung war

seit zwei Tagen seit dem 1. April

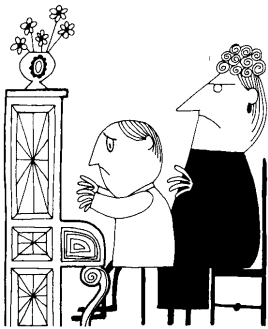
seit einigen Minuten seit Zeiten (=ages)

seit drei Jahren seit unseren Ferien

SINCE (seit einem bestimmten Zeitpunkt):
since last Monday

FOR (seit einer Zeitspanne):
for two weeks

(Wenn man im Deutschen außer *seit* auch *lang* sagen kann, dann kommt *for*!
z. B. zwei Wochen **lang – for two weeks**)



How long have you been in Oxford? – Oh I've been here ...**for**... two weeks now.

I've been playing the trumpet I was eight and last year I founded a band. We have had many performancesthen.

He's been playing the piano two o'clock. He has been learning ithalf a year. I've been studying English two years now.

I've learned French Christmas. It has rained three days. He has been a boy scout he went to school. He has been ill the day she arrived in this country. The dog hasn't eaten last evening. I haven't been to the cinema six months. Their family has lived in this house the 17th century. She has smoked 1999. I haven't smoked two years.

2.2. Verneinte Kurzform von „be“ im Past. Setze „wasn't“ oder „weren't“ in die Lücken.

Yesterday I went to the zoo with my girl-friend. Unfortunately, it a very nice day. The sun shining and it was going to rain. Because it very warm, there many animals outside. There any lions, and there any monkeys. „That much fun“, said my girl-friend when we left the zoo. „I know“, I said. „At least the weather worse. We were lucky there any rain.“